

Registered Number 3110558

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS
YEAR ENDED 31 December 2010

THURSDAY



A55

ARSR1SW9

31/03/2011

209

COMPANIES HOUSE

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO 1 PLC
DIRECTORS AND COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Ian Gordon Stewart
Tracey Anne Hill

COMPANY SECRETARY

Angela Lockwood

REGISTERED OFFICE

Trinity Road
HALIFAX
West Yorkshire
HX1 2RG

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Benson House
33 Wellington Street
Leeds
LS1 4JP

**BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO 1 PLC
DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010**

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for BOS (Shared Appreciation Mortgages) NO 1 PLC (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2010

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company is to finance mortgage lending. In 1997 the Company issued £27.2m fixed rate notes (the "Notes"). The interest payable on the Notes is set at 4.20% per annum until August 2027. Thereafter, the interest rate applicable to the Notes will be 5.20% per annum until 2072 when the Notes become due. The Notes are secured on the mortgage portfolio. The capital appreciation arising on the sale of a mortgage holder's property is shared between the mortgage holder and the Company as set out in the original loan agreement. The Company pays its entire share of the appreciation to Note holders.

The activities of the Company are conducted primarily by reference to a series of transaction documents (the "Programme Documentation").

Movements in the mortgage book are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Business structure

The Company is a subsidiary undertaking of Bank of Scotland plc ("BOS") and ultimately Lloyds Banking Group ("LBG").

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

No new mortgages were acquired or generated by the Company in the year and no new Notes were issued.

The profit after taxation for the year amounted to £92,220 (2009: £88,806 profit). A dividend of £500,000 was paid in the year (2009: £nil).

BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Company's business will continue to unwind over the life of the mortgages issued as no further advances will be made. Cash is continuing to be collected.

The principal asset in the Company is a mortgage portfolio which is subject to an annual impairment review. The mortgage portfolio is subject to the economic factors relating to the housing market (see "Credit Risk" below). In 2009 the UK experienced a significant reduction in activity in the housing market, together with a growth in mortgage arrears, as the effects of the recession became more widespread. During 2010, the UK housing market stabilised with some small indications of a recovery, but overall activity remained static for most of 2010. However, these trends did not have any significant bearing on the Company's arrears levels (see note 17) and no impairment provision was deemed necessary as at 31 December 2010 or 31 December 2009.

UK interest rates have remained both relatively stable and at historically low levels in 2010. However, the Company's net interest margin has not been adversely affected due to the fixing of rates in the original Programme Documentation. The underlying profits are determined by a margin earned between the interest received on the mortgage portfolio and the interest paid to the Note holders.

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO 1 PLC
DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS (CONTINUED)

Under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") an effective yield adjustment is made on interest receivable and interest payable, reflecting the discount at which the mortgages and Notes were originally issued. The net difference passed through the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2010 was £3,013 loss (31 December 2009 £3,013 loss).

Standard and Poor's, the Rating Agency rating the Notes, has issued updated criteria for counterparties to a structured finance transaction. The potential impact of these changes to the Programme Documentation and, therefore, the Company is currently being assessed.

The key performance indicator used by management in assessing the performance of the Company is the monitoring of actual cash flows against planned cash flows on the Notes. The Company's performance is addressed in the quarterly management accounts provided to the directors.

POLICY AND PRACTICE ON PAYMENT OF CREDITORS

The Company follows "The Better Payment Practice Code", published by the Department of Trade and Industry, regarding payments to suppliers. A copy of the code and information about it may be obtained from the Department of Trade and Industry, No 1 Victoria Street, London, SW1H 0ET.

The Company's policy is to agree terms of payment with suppliers and these normally provide for settlement within 30 days after the date of the invoice, except where other arrangements have been negotiated. It is the policy of the Company to abide by the agreed terms of payment, provided the supplier performed according to the terms of the contract.

The Company owed no money to trade creditors at 31 December 2010 or at 31 December 2009.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows:

Ian Gordon Stewart
Tracey Anne Hill

RISK MANAGEMENT

The majority of the Company's assets and liabilities have been classified as financial instruments in accordance with IAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation".

The Company's financial instruments comprise a mortgage portfolio, cash and liquid resources, an embedded derivative, interest-bearing loans and borrowings and various other receivables and payables that arise directly from its operations. The principal purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Company's operations.

It is, and has been throughout the year under review, the Company's policy that no trading in financial instruments is undertaken.

The principal risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk and interest rate risk. These and other risks which may affect the Company's performance are detailed below. Further analysis of the risks facing the Company on its financial instruments is provided in note 17.

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk

Credit risk arises on the individual loans within the mortgage loan portfolio which are in turn secured on the underlying UK residential properties. The performance of these loans is therefore influenced by the economic background and the UK housing market. However, the maximum loan-to-value of the original advances was 75% and the credit risk is considered to be low.

The extent to which the Company can meet its obligations to pay interest and ultimately repay the Notes will be dependent upon the receipt of funds earned on the mortgage portfolio and the Letter of Credit issued by BOS (see "Liquidity Risk"). To the extent that this income does not provide sufficient funds to cover the interest due on the Notes or the repayment of the Notes the Company has no claim on the assets of BOS.

The terms of the Mortgage Portfolio Agreement given by BOS in respect of the mortgages require BOS to repurchase any mortgage which is found to be in breach of warranty. BOS will repurchase any mortgages that are found or held not to be valid, binding and enforceable.

Although in such an event the total value of the outstanding loan and any accrued interest will be covered by BOS, the Note holder will not receive the benefit of any future payments of appreciation amounts or partial repayment of appreciation amounts in respect of the mortgages repurchased.

Shared appreciation is subject to the movement in the market value of the property which is dependent upon house price inflation ("HPI"). This may provide a return on the Notes below initial expectations. Any expected increase in value cannot be guaranteed.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk exists where assets and liabilities have interest rates set under a different basis or which reset at a different time. The Company minimises its exposure to interest rate risk by ensuring that the interest rate characteristics of assets and liabilities are similar. Both the mortgage portfolio and the Notes issued by the Company are exposed to fair value interest rate risk as they carry fixed interest rates.

Liquidity risk

The Company has an unconditional and irrevocable 364-day revolving Letter of Credit provided by BOS. The Letter of Credit is for a maximum aggregate principal amount of £890,000 to assist the Company should it not be able to meet its obligations under the Notes. The reliance on this facility is therefore dependent upon the creditworthiness of BOS. The Company has not drawn on the Letter of Credit since inception.

Operational risk

In accordance with the Programme Documentation the Company is bound to make payments to meet third party expenses.

The Company's operations are subject to periodic review by the Internal Audit function of LBG.

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure of information to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information. This confirmation is given, and should be interpreted, in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

EMPLOYEES

The Company has employed no staff during the year ended 31 December 2010 or the previous year.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

STATEMENT OF GOING CONCERN

The directors are satisfied that the Company has adequate resources to continue to operate for the foreseeable future and is financially sound. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

By Order of the Board



Angela Lockwood
Secretary

Trinity Road
HALIFAX
West Yorkshire
HX1 2RG

DATE 25 March 2011

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC**

We have audited the financial statements of BOS (Shared Appreciation Mortgages) NO 1 PLC for the year ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its profit and cash flows for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

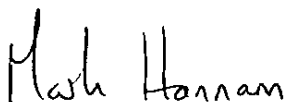
In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
(CONTINUED)**

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit



Mark Hannam (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Leeds

Date 25 March 2011

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

	Notes	2010 £	2009 £
Interest receivable and similar income	2	637,788	684,448
Interest payable and similar charges	3	(485,009)	(526,909)
Net interest income		<u>152,779</u>	<u>157,539</u>
Other operating income	5	995	1,960
Operating expenses	6	(27,599)	(36,157)
Profit before tax		<u>126,175</u>	<u>123,342</u>
Taxation	7	(33,955)	(34,536)
Profit / total comprehensive income attributable to equity holders		<u><u>92,220</u></u>	<u><u>88,806</u></u>

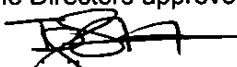
The profit shown above is derived from continuing operations. The Company operates in a single business segment and all of the Company's activities are in the UK.

The accompanying notes on pages 13 to 31 form an integral part of the financial statements.

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

	Notes	2010 £	2009 £
Assets			
Mortgage portfolio	8	8,149,069	8,977,253
Shared appreciation rights receivable	9	14,551,500	14,723,401
Total non-current assets		22,700,569	23,700,654
Trade and other receivables	10	794	794
Cash and cash equivalents	11	1,039,732	1,725,141
Total current assets		1,040,526	1,725,935
Total assets		23,741,095	25,426,589
Equity			
Share capital	12	50,001	50,001
Retained profits		1,179,675	1,587,455
Shareholders' equity		1,229,676	1,637,456
Liabilities			
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	13	7,820,881	8,670,280
Shared appreciation rights payable	14	14,551,500	14,723,401
Deferred tax liability	15	37,080	46,145
Total non-current liabilities		22,409,461	23,439,826
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	13	21,904	24,141
Trade and other payables	16	35,447	281,163
Bank overdraft	11	1,587	1,776
Current tax liability	7	43,020	42,227
Total current liabilities		101,958	349,307
Total liabilities		22,511,419	23,789,133
Total equity and liabilities		23,741,095	25,426,589

The Directors approved the financial statements on 25 March 2011


Ian Gordon Stewart
Director

The accompanying notes on pages 13 to 31 form an integral part of the financial statements

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

	Share Capital £	Retained Profits £	Total £
Balance at 1 Jan 2010	50,001	1,587,455	1,637,456
Profit for the year	-	92,220	92,220
Dividends paid in the year	-	(500,000)	(500,000)
Balance at 31 Dec 2010	50,001	1,179,675	1,229,676
	Share Capital £	Retained Profits £	Total £
Balance at 1 Jan 2009	50,001	1,498,649	1,548,650
Profit for the year	-	88,806	88,806
Balance at 31 Dec 2009	50,001	1,587,455	1,637,456

The accompanying notes on pages 13 to 31 form an integral part of the financial statements

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

	Notes	2010 £	2009 £
Operating Activities			
Inter-company fees paid		(16,646)	(18,269)
External audit fees paid		(3,290)	(3,220)
Administration expenses		(6,689)	(12,797)
Tax paid		(42,227)	(57,953)
Net cash from operating activities		(68,852)	(92,239)
Investing Activities			
Repayments on mortgage portfolio		896,219	1,387,450
Income earned on mortgage portfolio		535,672	588,989
Shared appreciation rights received		776,700	1,385,068
Net cash flows from investing activities		2,208,591	3,361,507
Financing Activities			
Bank interest received		33,053	26,397
Repayment of borrowings		(1,036,177)	(1,261,500)
Interest paid on borrowings		(403,468)	(446,630)
Shared appreciation rights paid		(918,367)	(1,243,401)
Dividends paid		(500,000)	-
Net cash from financing activities		(2,824,959)	(2,925,134)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(685,220)	344,134
Cash and cash equivalents at start of year		1,723,365	1,379,231
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	11	1,038,145	1,723,365

The Cash Flow Statement is presented using the direct method to improve the transparency of the financial statements

The accompanying notes on pages 13 to 31 form an integral part of the financial statements

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BOS (Shared Appreciation Mortgages) NO 1 PLC is a company domiciled in the United Kingdom

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) as adopted by the European Union. The standards applied by the Company are those endorsed by the European Union and effective at the date the financial statements are approved by the Board. However the Company has not utilised the "carve-out" provisions in respect of full fair value and portfolio hedging of core deposits in IAS39 'Financial Instruments Recognition and Measurement' as adopted by the European Union. Consequently, the financial statements comply with IFRSs.

The following new IFRS pronouncements, relevant to the Company, became effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2010 and have been adopted in these financial statements. None of these standards or amendments had a material impact on the financial statements.

- Amendment to IAS 39 "Financial Instruments Recognition and Measurement" – 'Eligible Hedged Items'. This clarifies how the principles underlying hedge accounting should be applied in particular situations,
- Improvements to IFRSs (issued April 2009). Sets out minor amendments to IFRS standards as part of the annual improvements process.

The financial statements also comply with the relevant provisions of Part XV of the Companies Act 2006.

The Company is a subsidiary undertaking of BOS and ultimately LBG. The directors of the Company are satisfied that it is the current intention of LBG to ensure that its subsidiaries, including the Company, should have at all times in the foreseeable future (being the period until at least 30 June 2012) access to adequate capital and liquidity resources to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the Company's functional and presentation currency and have been prepared on the historical cost basis (except that derivative financial instruments are stated at fair value).

(b) Revenue recognition

Interest receivable and similar income have been calculated using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the expected life of the financial instrument. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the future cash flows are estimated after considering all the contractual terms of the instrument but not future credit losses.

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Segment reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments.

The directors of the Company consider that the entity has only one geographical and one business segment and therefore is not required to produce additional segmental disclosure.

(d) Financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments comprise a mortgage portfolio, cash and liquid resources, an embedded derivative, interest-bearing loans and borrowings and various other receivables and payables that arise directly from its operations.

The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Company's operations. These financial instruments are classified in accordance with the principles of IAS 39 as described below.

(d)(i) Mortgage portfolio

The Company's mortgage portfolio comprises mortgage loans with no fixed maturity date. The individual mortgage loans terminate on the earlier of the date of sale of the property or the death of the mortgage account holder.

Under IAS 39, the mortgage portfolio is classified within "loans and receivables". The initial measurement is at fair value (excluding amounts for the shared appreciation referred to in (d)(iv) below). Subsequent measurement is at amortised cost with revenue being recognised using the effective interest method. The discount arising on initial recognition is being amortised over the expected life of the mortgages.

At each reporting period end, the Company assesses whether there is any objective evidence that mortgage loans within the portfolio are impaired. The directors do not consider that a provision for impaired assets is currently required.

(d)(ii) Cash and cash equivalents

The Company holds bank accounts with BOS, its parent undertaking. These accounts are held in the Company's name and meet the definition of cash and cash equivalents. The use of certain accounts is restricted by a detailed priority of payments set out in the Programme Documentation. As the cash can only be used to meet certain specific liabilities and is not available to be used with discretion, it is viewed as restricted cash.

These bank accounts are classified within "loans and receivables" in accordance with IAS 39 and income is being recognised using the effective interest method.

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Financial instruments (continued)

(d)(iii) Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

The Company's interest-bearing loans and borrowings comprise mortgage-backed fixed rate notes that have been issued in the capital market

Interest-bearing loans and borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less directly related incremental transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

(d)(iv) Embedded derivatives

Certain derivatives are embedded within other non-derivative host financial instruments to create a hybrid instrument. Where the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host instrument, and where the hybrid instrument is not measured at fair value, the embedded derivative is separated from the host instrument with changes in fair value of the embedded derivative recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Depending on the classification of the host instrument, the host is then measured in accordance with IAS 39.

The capital appreciation arising on the sale of a mortgage holder's property is shared between the mortgage holder and the Company as set out in the original loan agreement. The Company pays its entire share of the appreciation to the Note holders.

The economic characteristics and risks of the shared appreciation rights receivable and payable are not viewed as being closely related to those arising on the mortgages and Notes, respectively. The shared appreciation rights receivable and payable have therefore been valued separately from the mortgages and Notes using discounted cash flow techniques and taking account of current HPI. There is uncertainty regarding the timing of any future shared appreciation receipts and the directors do not consider that it is practical to include an estimate of future HPI in these valuations.

The resulting fair value movements of these embedded derivatives are recorded in net fair value gains and losses on derivatives in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and the embedded derivatives are shown separately on the face of the Balance Sheet. The host instruments are valued at amortised cost, as noted above in (d)(i) and (d)(iii).

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(e) Critical Accounting Judgements and Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements necessarily requires the exercise of judgement both in the application of accounting policies and in the selection of assumptions used in the calculation of estimates. These judgements are reviewed on an ongoing basis and are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors. The most significantly affected components of the financial statements and associated critical judgements are as follows

Effective Interest Rate Method

The effective interest rate is calculated on initial recognition of the financial asset or liability, estimating the future cash flows after considering all the contractual terms of the instrument but not future credit losses. The calculation includes all amounts expected to be paid or received by the Company including expected early redemption fees and related penalties and premiums and discounts that are an integral part of the overall return. Direct incremental transaction costs related to the acquisition, issue or disposal of a financial instrument are also taken into account in the calculation. Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest income is recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

For the purpose of the effective yield calculation on the Notes, an average expected life has been calculated based on prepayment expectations for the mortgages. This is revised on a regular basis in light of actual redemption experience.

Fair Value Calculations

Fair value is defined as the value at which assets, liabilities or positions could be closed out or sold in a transaction with a willing and knowledgeable counterparty.

The value of the embedded derivative has been calculated by discounting future cash flows at an appropriate market rate. The valuation method is consistent with commonly used market techniques. All inputs into the valuation models are obtained from observable market data. No assumption for future HPI has been included as this is not considered to be practical.

(f) Taxation

Income tax recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income comprises both current and deferred tax. Current income tax, which is payable on taxable profits, is recognised as an expense in the period in which the profits arise.

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the Balance Sheet date which are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

The Company's tax charge is calculated on an IFRS basis and disclosed in accordance with IAS 12.

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Fees and commissions

Fees and commissions receivable for the continuing service of loans and advances are recognised on the basis of work done. Other fees are recognised when receivable.

(h) Dividends

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the year in which they are paid.

(i) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at cost or at amortised cost if deemed to be a financial liability.

2. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2010 £	2009 £
Interest receivable on mortgage portfolio	604,735	658,051
Bank interest receivable from BOS	33,053	25,007
Bank interest receivable	-	1,390
	637,788	684,448

3. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2010 £	2009 £
Interest payable on Notes	473,307	515,208
Amortisation of issue costs	11,702	11,701
	485,009	526,909

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

4. NET FAIR VALUE GAINS AND LOSSES ON DERIVATIVES

	2010 £	2009 £
Fair value movement on shared appreciation rights receivable	(171,901)	(3,974,423)
Fair value movement on shared appreciation rights payable	171,901	3,974,423
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

5. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	2010 £	2009 £
Fees and commissions receivable	995	1,960
Shared appreciation receivable	776,700	1,385,068
Shared appreciation payable	(776,700)	(1,385,068)
	<u>995</u>	<u>1,960</u>

6. OPERATING EXPENSES

	2010 £	2009 £
Inter-company fees	16,460	18,147
Administration fees	7,664	14,790
Audit fees	3,475	3,220
	<u>27,599</u>	<u>36,157</u>

The Company has no employees (2009 nil) and none of the directors received any emoluments from the Company in the current or previous year

Audit fees relate to the statutory audit. There are no fees payable to the auditors and their associates for services other than the statutory audit

The audit fee for the current year net of VAT was £2,870 (2009 £2,800)

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

7 TAXATION

	2010 £	2009 £
Current Tax		
Corporation tax charge for the year at a rate of 28% (2009 28%)	43,020	42,227
	<u>43,020</u>	<u>42,227</u>
Deferred Tax		
Deferred tax change in tax rate – credit	(1,374)	-
Deferred tax credit for the year at a rate of 28% (2009 28%)	(7,691)	(7,691)
	<u>33,955</u>	<u>34,536</u>
Total tax charge	<u>33,955</u>	<u>34,536</u>
 Reconciliation of effective tax rate	 2010	 2009
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%)	£	£
Profit before tax	126,175	123,342
	<u>126,175</u>	<u>123,342</u>
Profit before tax multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%)	35,329	34,536
Effects of		
Deferred tax change in tax rate – credit	(1,374)	-
	<u>33,955</u>	<u>34,536</u>
Total tax charge in the Statement of Comprehensive Income	<u>33,955</u>	<u>34,536</u>

The current tax liability of £43,020 (2009 £42,227 liability) represents the net amount of income tax payable in respect of the current year

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

8. MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO

	2010 £	2009 £
At 1 January	8,977,253	10,296,275
Mortgage redemptions in the year	(897,247)	(1,388,085)
Amortisation of discount	69,063	69,063
At 31 December	8,149,069	8,977,253

The mortgage loans advanced by the Company have no fixed maturity date but would terminate on the earlier of, the date of sale of the property, or the death of the mortgage account holder

9 SHARED APPRECIATION RIGHTS RECEIVABLE

The right for the Company to receive a share of the capital appreciation arising on the individual mortgages, as set out in the original loan agreements, is classified as an embedded derivative, in accordance with the principles of IAS 39. The embedded derivative has been valued separately from the host contract using discounted cash flow techniques. No estimate has been made of the effect of future HPI as the directors consider that this is impractical.

The Company is contractually obliged to pay to the Note holders any amounts received from mortgage customers for the shared appreciation. A corresponding embedded derivative liability has therefore been recognised in the Balance Sheet (note 14).

10. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2010 £	2009 £
Other debtors	794	794

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2010 £	2009 £
Bank accounts	1,039,732	1,725,141
Bank overdraft	(1,587)	(1,776)
Cash and cash equivalents per Cash Flow Statement	1,038,145	1,723,365

The Company holds bank accounts with BOS. The use of the accounts is restricted by a detailed priority of payments set out in the Programme Documentation. As the cash can only be used to meet certain specific liabilities and is not available to be used with discretion, it is viewed as restricted cash. The accounts are held in the Company's name and meet the definition of cash and cash equivalents.

12. SHARE CAPITAL

	2010 £	2009 £
Authorised		
50,000 ordinary shares of £ 1 each	50,000	50,000
1 deferred share of £ 1	1	1
Allotted and paid up		
50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
1 deferred share of £1	1	1

The Company is a directly held subsidiary undertaking of BOS.

The £1 deferred share is held by Deutsche Trustee Company Limited (formerly Bankers Trustee Company Limited).

The holder of the ordinary shares is entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time.

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

12. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

The deferred share carries no entitlement to any dividend or to any share in any surplus assets of the Company on a winding-up, other than the right to be repaid the amount of any paid-up share capital thereon. The right to be repaid any paid-up share capital in the deferred share shall be deferred until after all paid-up share capital has been first repaid on all other classes of issued share capital in the Company.

The deferred share carries the right to receive notice of all general meetings of the Company but does not carry the right to attend, speak or vote at a general meeting unless a resolution is to be proposed abrogating, varying or modifying any of the rights or privileges of the holder of the deferred share, or for the winding up or administration of the Company under the Insolvency Act 1986, or for the entry by the Company with any other party into a merger, reconstruction, scheme of arrangement or amalgamation of or affecting the Company, in any of which cases such holder shall have the right to attend such general meeting and shall be entitled to speak and vote. Whenever the holder of the deferred share is entitled to vote at a general meeting, such holder shall have one vote and on a poll such number of votes as is equal to 34% of the number of votes attached to all other issued shares of the Company.

Capital disclosures

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements in either the current year or the prior year other than the minimum share capital required by the Companies Act with which it complies. The Company manages its ordinary share capital in order that there is sufficient capital, in the opinion of the directors, to support the transactions and level of business undertaken by the Company.

13. INTEREST-BEARING LOANS AND BORROWINGS

This note provides information about the contractual terms of the Company's interest-bearing loans and borrowings. For more information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk and the fair value of its financial instruments, see note 17.

	2010 £	2009 £
Non-current liabilities		
Notes	7,937,897	8,798,997
Deferred issue costs	(117,016)	(128,717)
	<u>7,820,881</u>	<u>8,670,280</u>
Current liabilities		
Accrued interest payable to Note holders	33,605	35,842
Deferred issue costs	(11,701)	(11,701)
	<u>21,904</u>	<u>24,141</u>

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

13. INTEREST-BEARING LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

The mortgage-backed fixed rate Notes are due in 2072. The interest rate applicable on the Notes up to and including the interest period ending in the quarter to 31 August 2027 is 4.20% per annum. Thereafter, the interest rate applicable to the Notes will be 5.20% per annum until 2072 when the Notes become due.

The Notes carry, in addition to interest, rights to receive certain amounts calculated by reference to the value of shared appreciation proceeds received from redeemed mortgages. The Notes are subject to mandatory part redemption from time to time based on the level of redeemed mortgages and can be redeemed in full, in certain circumstances, at the option of the Company. The Notes are secured on the mortgage portfolio, the bank accounts and certain other assets of the Company.

14. SHARED APPRECIATION RIGHTS PAYABLE

The Company is contractually obliged to pay to the Note holders any amounts received from mortgage customers for the shared appreciation arising on the sale of the property. An embedded derivative liability has therefore been recognised in the Balance Sheet for the same value as the embedded derivative asset (note 9).

15. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY

	2010 £	2009 £
At 1 January	46,145	53,836
Credit for year	(7,691)	(7,691)
Change in Tax Rate – credit	(1,374)	-
	<u>37,080</u>	<u>46,145</u>
At 31 December	37,080	46,145

The deferred tax liability was recognised for the fair value adjustments that arose on transition to IFRS and is being released to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over a period of ten years from adoption.

The Finance (No 2) Act 2010 includes legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 28% to 27% with effect from 1 April 2011. This resulted in a decrease in the Company's provision for deferred tax at 31 December 2010 of £1,374.

16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2010 £	2009 £
Shared appreciation payable	-	141,667
Accruals and deferred income	34,108	137,971
Amounts owed to BOS	1,339	1,525
	<u>35,447</u>	<u>281,163</u>

**BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)**

17 MANAGEMENT OF RISK

The majority of the Company's assets and liabilities have been classified as financial instruments in accordance with IAS 32 "Financial Instruments Presentation"

The Company's financial instruments comprise a mortgage portfolio, cash and liquid resources, an embedded derivative, interest-bearing loans and borrowings and various other receivables and payables that arise directly from its operations

The principal risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk and interest rate risk. Further detailed analysis of the risks facing the Company in relation to its financial instruments is provided below

The activities of the Company are conducted primarily by reference to a series of transaction documents (the "Programme Documentation"). The structure was established as a means of raising finance for BOS and no business activities are undertaken by the Company beyond those set out in the Programme Documentation

The Company's exposure to risk on its financial instruments and the management of such risk is largely determined at the inception of the securitisation transaction. The Company's activities and the role of each party to the transaction is clearly defined and documented

17(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss arising from a customer's failure to settle financial obligations as they fall due

Credit risk arises on the individual loans within the mortgage portfolio which are in turn secured on the underlying UK residential properties. The performance of these loans is therefore influenced by the economic background and the UK housing market. Mortgage loans are no longer offered by the Company

The extent to which the Company can meet its obligations to pay interest and ultimately repay the Notes will be dependent upon the receipt of funds earned on the mortgage portfolio and the Letter of Credit issued by BOS (see "Liquidity Risk"). To the extent that this income does not provide sufficient funds to cover the interest due on the Notes or the repayment of the Notes the Company has no claim on the assets of BOS

The terms of the Mortgage Portfolio Agreement given by BOS in respect of the mortgages require BOS to repurchase any mortgage which is found to be in breach of warranty. BOS will repurchase any mortgages that are found or held not to be valid, binding and enforceable

Although in such an event the total value of the outstanding loan and any accrued interest will be covered by BOS, the Note holder will not receive the benefit of any future payments of appreciation amounts or partial repayment of appreciation amounts in respect of the mortgages repurchased

In terms of the shared appreciation, in accordance with the Programme Documentation, amounts received by the Company from the borrower are required to be paid over to the Note holders

In terms of arrears management, the Company has engaged BOS as servicer of the loans in the portfolio to help reduce the risk of loss. The servicer is required to monitor repayments on the mortgage loans in accordance with its usual credit policies

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

17. MANAGEMENT OF RISK (CONTINUED)

17(a) Credit risk (continued)

The mortgage balances are monitored as part of the LBG impairment process. At each reporting period end, the Company assesses whether there is any objective evidence that mortgage loans within the portfolio are impaired. All loans in the mortgage portfolio pay a fixed rate of interest of 5.75%.

The total value of interest arrears at 31 December 2010 was £76,241 (2009: £65,064). All accounts in the mortgage portfolio had a maximum loan-to-value of 75% and those accounts in interest arrears have a current loan-to-value ratio of less than 42% (2009: 40%). Credit risk is considered to be low. There are no properties in possession or bad debts within the Company. No impairment provision was deemed necessary at 31 December 2010 or 31 December 2009.

The maximum exposure to credit risk arising on the Company's financial assets at the reporting date is disclosed in the table below:

	Note	Carrying Amount 2010 £	Maximum Exposure 2010 £	Carrying Amount 2009 £	Maximum Exposure 2009 £
Assets held at amortised cost.					
Mortgage portfolio	8	8,149,069	8,908,767	8,977,253	9,806,014
Trade and other receivables	10	794	794	794	794
Cash and cash equivalents	11	1,039,732	1,039,732	1,725,141	1,725,141
Assets held at fair value.					
Shared appreciation rights receivable	9	14,551,500	14,551,500	14,723,401	14,723,401
Total Assets		23,741,095	24,500,793	25,426,589	26,255,350

At the Balance Sheet date all financial assets subject to credit risk were neither past due nor impaired. A financial asset is "past due" if a counterparty has failed to make a payment when contractually due.

17(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk exists where assets and liabilities have interest rates set under a different basis or which reset at a different time. The Company minimises its exposure to interest rate risk by ensuring that the interest rate characteristics of assets and liabilities are similar. Both the mortgage portfolio and the Notes issued by the Company are exposed to fair value interest rate risk as they carry fixed interest rates.

**BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)**

17. MANAGEMENT OF RISK (CONTINUED)

17(b) Interest rate risk (continued)

At 31 December 2010, if interest rates had been 100 basis points higher or lower with all other variables held constant, the net effect on the Company's Statement of Comprehensive Income would be insignificant. All items remain unaffected by interest rate changes except for interest earned on bank accounts but a 100 basis points change would not give rise to a significant impact on bank interest.

17(c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company is not able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due or can do so only at an unacceptably high cost.

The extent to which the Company can meet its obligations to pay interest and ultimately repay the Notes will be dependent upon the receipt of funds earned on the mortgage portfolio and the Letter of Credit issued by BOS.

The Company has an unconditional and irrevocable 364-day revolving Letter of Credit provided by BOS. The Letter of Credit is for a maximum aggregate principal amount of £890,000 to assist the Company should it not be able to meet its obligations under the Notes. The reliance on this facility is therefore dependent upon the creditworthiness of BOS, which currently has a long term rating from Standard and Poor's (S&P) of A+ (2009 S&P long-term rating A+).

The Company has not drawn on the Letter of Credit since inception.

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

17. MANAGEMENT OF RISK (CONTINUED)

17(c) Liquidity Risk (continued)

The liquidity tables reflect the undiscounted cash payments which will fall due if the structure continues until the earliest contractual maturity date as set out in the Programme Documentation. The Note repayment profile mirrors the repayment of the mortgages, and based on current modelling assumptions, it is not anticipated that any mortgages will still be outstanding beyond the step-up date of August 2027.

2010	Carrying amount	Contractual repayment value	Not later than one month	Later than one month but not later than three months	Later than three months but not later than one year	Later than one year and not later than five years	Later than five years
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Principal							
Notes	7,937,897	8,730,732	-	-	-	-	8,730,732
Shared appreciation payable	14,551,500	13,735,116	-	-	-	-	13,735,116
Trade and other payables	35,447	35,447	-	32,003	3,444	-	-
Interest payable							
Interest payable on Notes	33,605	6,142,133	-	90,355	276,085	1,466,763	4,308,930
	<u>22,558,449</u>	<u>28,643,428</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>122,358</u>	<u>279,529</u>	<u>1,466,763</u>	<u>26,774,778</u>
2009							
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Principal							
Notes	8,798,997	9,766,908	-	-	-	-	9,766,908
Shared appreciation payable	14,723,401	14,271,464	-	-	-	-	14,271,464
Trade and other payables	281,163	281,163	21,565	259,598	-	-	-
Interest payable							
Interest payable on Notes	35,842	7,281,019	-	101,078	308,851	1,640,841	5,230,249
	<u>23,839,403</u>	<u>31,600,554</u>	<u>21,565</u>	<u>360,676</u>	<u>308,851</u>	<u>1,640,841</u>	<u>29,268,621</u>

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

17 MANAGEMENT OF RISK (CONTINUED)

17(d) Fair values

The fair values of the Company's principal financial instruments, together with the carrying amounts shown in the Balance Sheet are as follows

	Note	Carrying amount 2010 £	Fair value 2010 £	Carrying amount 2009 £	Fair value 2009 £
Loans and Receivables at amortised cost					
Mortgage portfolio	8	8,149,069	9,725,309	8,977,253	10,247,255
Financial liabilities at amortised cost					
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	13	(7,842,785)	(9,131,758)	(8,694,421)	(9,611,851)

The embedded derivatives for shared appreciation receivable and payable are recognised in the Balance Sheet at fair value

The following comments summarise the main methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of the mortgage portfolio, shared appreciation rights receivable, shared appreciation rights payable and interest-bearing loans and borrowings have been calculated by discounting future cash flows at an appropriate market rate. The valuation method is consistent with commonly used market techniques. All significant inputs into the valuation models are obtained from observable market data.

For this reason, in accordance with "IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures", the fair value measurement for the shared appreciation is deemed to be Level 2 in the Fair Value Hierarchy. The change in fair value that has been calculated using this valuation technique has been recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2010.

The cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables are recognised on an amortised cost basis that is considered to be a close approximation to fair value.

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

18. RELATED PARTIES

The Company is a subsidiary undertaking of BOS and ultimately LBG. The Company receives bank interest from BOS, its immediate parent undertaking. BOS administers the mortgage portfolio on behalf of the Company, for which quarterly service fees are paid. In 2010, a dividend of £500,000 (2009: £nil) was paid to BOS. The Company's transactions with related parties are summarised below:

	LBG and subsidiary undertakings	LBG and subsidiary undertakings
At 31 December or for the year then ended	2010 £	2009 £
Statement of Comprehensive Income		
Interest receivable and similar income	33,053	25,007
Operating expenses	(16,460)	(18,147)
Balance Sheet		
Equity		
Dividends paid	(500,000)	-
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,039,732	1,725,141
Liabilities		
Other payables	(1,339)	(1,525)
Bank overdraft	(1,587)	(1,776)

BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)

19 FUTURE ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The following pronouncements will be relevant to the Company but are not applicable for the year ending 31 December 2010 and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. The full impact of these accounting changes is currently being assessed by the Company.

Pronouncement	Nature of change	IASB effective date
IAS 24 <i>Related Party Disclosures</i>	Simplifies the definition of a related party and provides a partial exemption from the disclosure requirements for government related entities	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011
<i>Improvements to IFRSs</i> (issued May 2010)	Sets out minor amendments to IFRS standards as part of the annual improvements process	Dealt with on a standard by standard basis but not earlier than annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010
IFRS 7 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Disclosures – Transfers of Financial Assets</i>	Requires additional disclosures in respect of risk exposures arising from transferred financial assets	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011
IFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement</i> ¹	Replaces those parts of IAS 39 Financial Instruments Recognition and Measurement relating to the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

¹ IFRS 9 is the initial stage of the project to replace IAS 39. Future stages are expected to result in amendments to IFRS 9 to deal with changes to the impairment of financial assets measured at amortised cost and hedge accounting. Until all stages of the replacement project are complete, it is not possible to determine the overall impact on the financial statements of the replacement of IAS 39.

**BOS (SHARED APPRECIATION MORTGAGES) NO. 1 PLC
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 (CONTINUED)**

19. FUTURE ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Pronouncement	Nature of change	IASB effective date
IFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments Classification and Measurement</i> (continued)	Requires financial assets to be classified into two measurement categories, fair value and amortised cost, on the basis of the objectives of the entity's business model for managing its financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the instrument The available-for-sale financial asset and held-to-maturity categories in existing IAS 39 will be eliminated. The requirements for financial liabilities and derecognition are broadly unchanged from IAS 39	

At the date of this report, IFRS 9 and Amendments to IFRS 7 are awaiting EU endorsement

20. PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The Company's immediate parent company is BOS plc. The company regarded by the directors as the ultimate controlling party is Lloyds Banking Group plc, a limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in Scotland, which is also the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which the Company is a member. BOS plc is the parent undertaking of the smallest such group of undertakings. Copies of the group accounts of both companies may be obtained from Group Secretariat, Lloyds Banking Group plc, 25 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7HN.